## Risk and Safety Assessment on Road Infrastructure





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### This presentation:

- How we score what we score
- Informed Investments Decisions: Safer Roads Investments Plans
- How it matters best case study
- Piloting road safety innovation RADAR project





### Star Rating for Safety





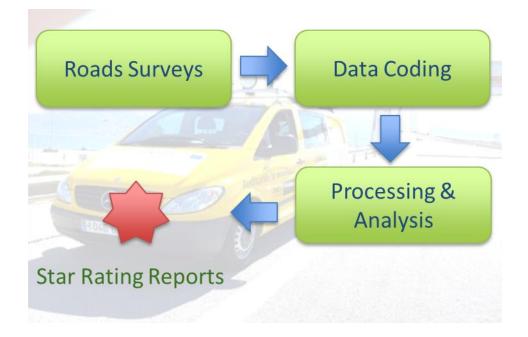


Video recording of the road

Survey of 52 road elements that lead to death or serious injury

Data collected every 100 meters

4 road users – vehicle occupants, motorcyclists, pedestrians and bicyclists







## Examples of Star Ratings













http://www.irap.org/en/about-irap-3/methodology







## Star rating data now collected

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Brunei, Darussalam, Bulgaria, Canada, Cayman Islands, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, France, Fiji, FYROM, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, South Korea, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mexico, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Tanzania, Thailand, Uganda, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, Uruguay, Vietnam, Yemen





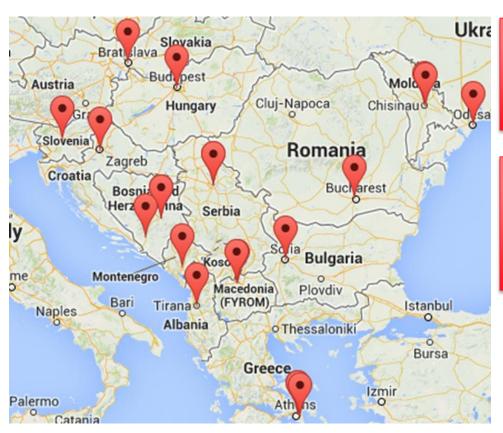








### 2012-2014



5 Survey teams collected data for 15,000km of roads

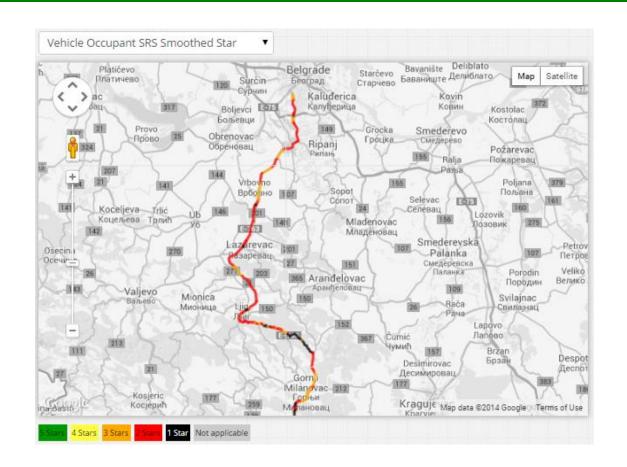
52 risk attributes collected every 100m of 20,000km carriageway – 10 million data points!







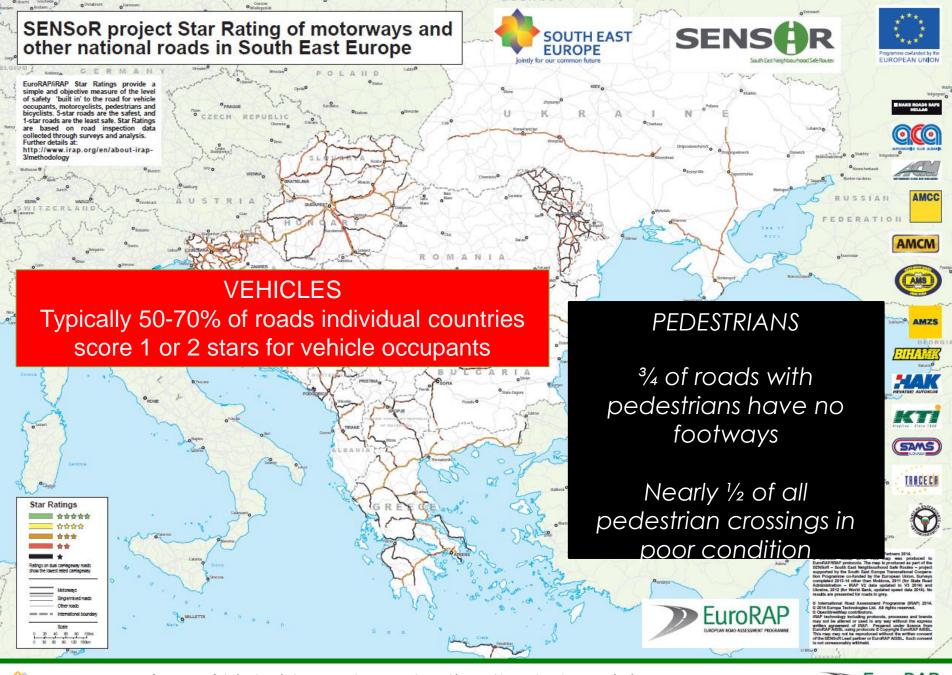
### Aim for minimum 3-star!



	Vehicle Occupant				
Star Ratings	Length (kms)	Percent			
5 Stars	1.0	196			
4 Stars	3.5	2%			
3 Stars	53.2	38%			
2 Stars	56.7	40%			
1 Star	26.5	19%			
Not applicable	0.0	0%			
Totals	140.9	100%			







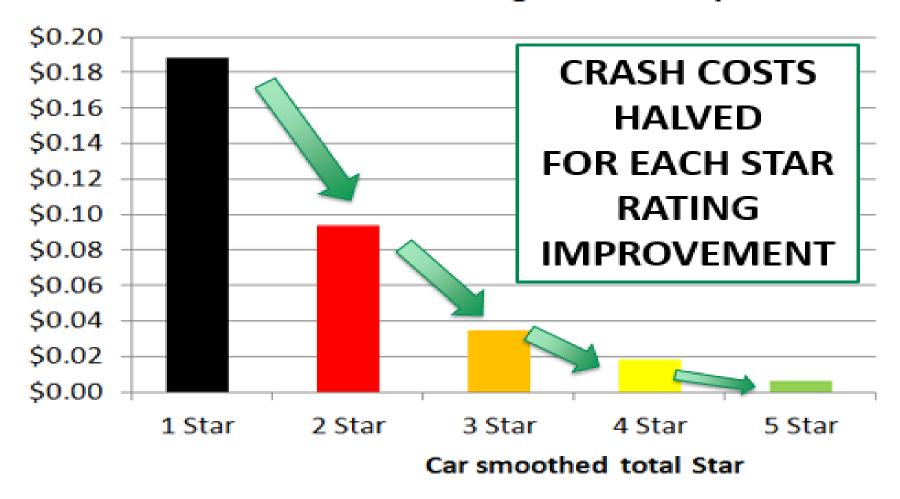




### Star Rating vs crash costs or crash rates



### Car smoothed Star Rating vs KSI cost per vKt









### SRIP (Safer Roads Investment Plans)

### Compares:

- Risk at every 100m section
- Crash costs costs of life, injuries and damage

### Suggests:

- Infrastructure crash countermeasures for every 100m
- Looks at costs of infrastructure improvements
- Compares costs and benefits









### SRIPs (Safer Road Investment Plans)

### Software assesses:

- 70 proven road improvements
- Compares cost of countermeasure
- Known effectiveness of measures
- Value of injuries reduced
- Benefits and costs compared

## Benefit-Cost Ratios (BCR) estimated





# Indicative casualty savings by countermeasure type



(country sample, Benefit Cost Ratio threshold = 3)

Countermeasure	Crash type	Fatal and serious injuries saved over 20 years	Km	
Side barrier	Run-off	12000	3000	
Shoulder sealing	Run-off	4000	6000	
Shoulder rumble strip	Run-off	4000	4000	
Pedestrian footway	Pedestrians	4000	2000	
Clear roadside hazards	Run-off	4000	4000	
Signing and lining (includes intersections)	All	2000	1000	
Road surface rehabilitation	All	1500	500	
Median barrier/central hatching	Head-on	1400	600	
Skid resistance improvement	All	700	100	
Sight distance improvement	Intersection/pedestrian	700	300	

Note: All results provisional and subject to stakeholder consultation and BCR threshold review









- Data collected shows risk of run-off crash
- Example data shows roadside hazard (eg tree)
- Example data shows curve in road or steep slope
- Matching risk to known countermeasures
- Costs and benefits of each
- SRIPs (Safer Road Investment Plans)
- Identifying potential location of countermeasures by software zoom









Show Total length: 691km

M Shoulder sealing driver side (>1m)

#### **Location for barriers**

8,398,400

### Safer Roads Investment Plan 🕢

Currency: лв BGN - Analysis Period: 20 years

Total FSIs Saved	Total PV of Saf	Total Py of Safety Benefits		Stimated Cost	Cost per FSI saved		Program BCR	
14,192	1,335,02	22,230		219,788,651	15,486		6	
Countermeasure		Length / Sites	FSIs saved 🔺	PV of safety benefit	Estimated Cost	Cost per FSI save	d	Program BCR
Additional lane (2 + 1) and with bar	rier)	358.70 km	3,543	333,292,118	54,524,000	15	,389	6
Roadside barriers - driver side		188.00 km	1,627	153,034,070	37,600,000	23	,112	4
Shoulder rumble strips		467.60 km	1,008	94,800,334	6,046,727	6	,000	16
Duplication with median barrier		23.70 km	971	91,362,579	28,826,000	29	,679	3
Margine Improve Delineation		334.20 km	940	88,458,345	8,468,948	9	,006	10
Road surface rehabilitation		237.30 km	874	82,234,236	8,859,865	10	,135	9
Tootpath provision passenger side	(adjacent to road)	167.80 km	805	75,730,903	14,162,000	17	,591	5
Pootpath provision driver side (adja	scent to road)	168.80 km	802	75,419,126	14,199,000	17	,710	5
Roadside barriers - passenger side		83.20 km	801	75,373,472	16,640,000	20	,767	5

765

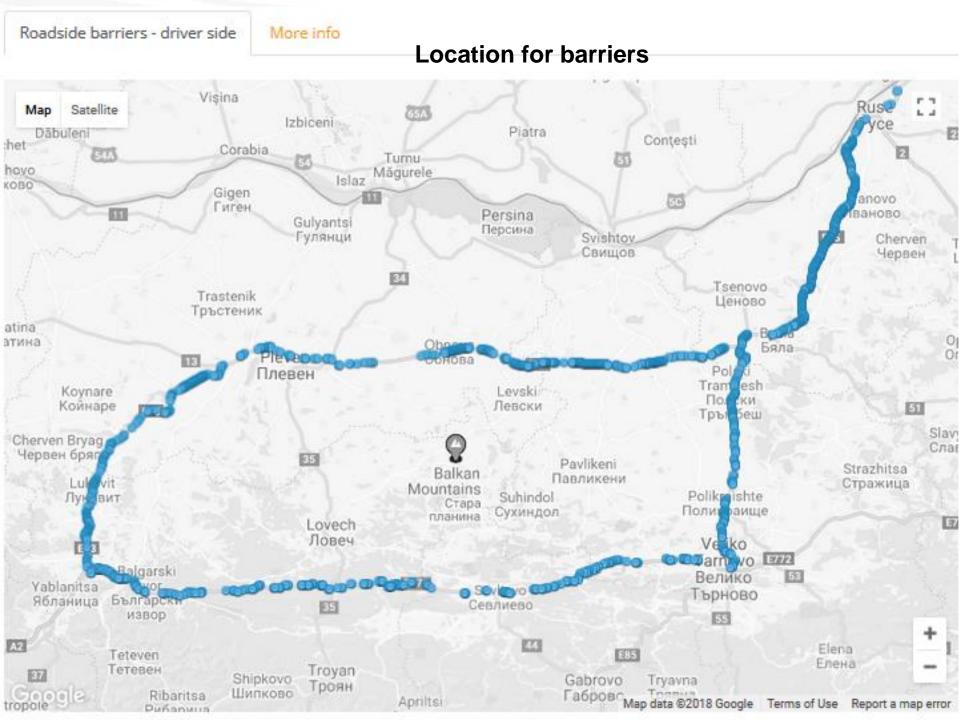
71,998,208



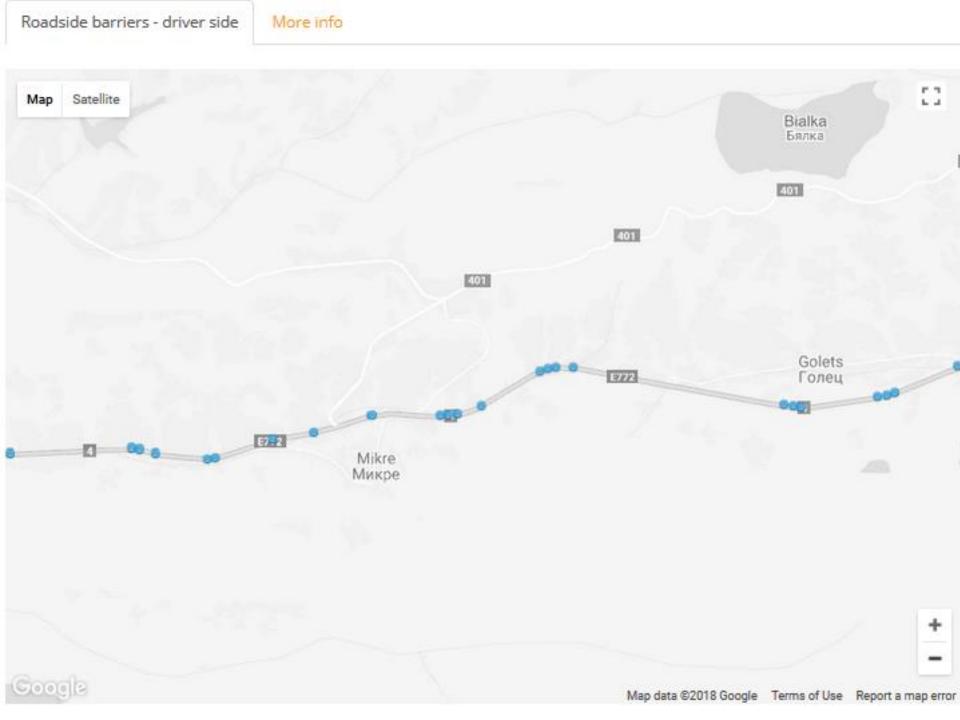


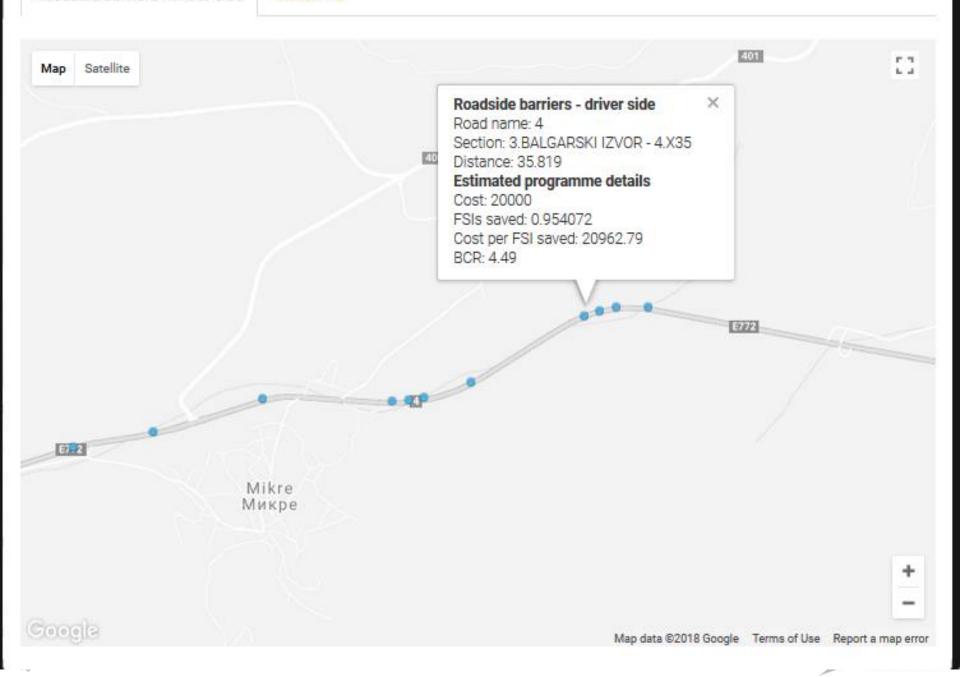
10,973

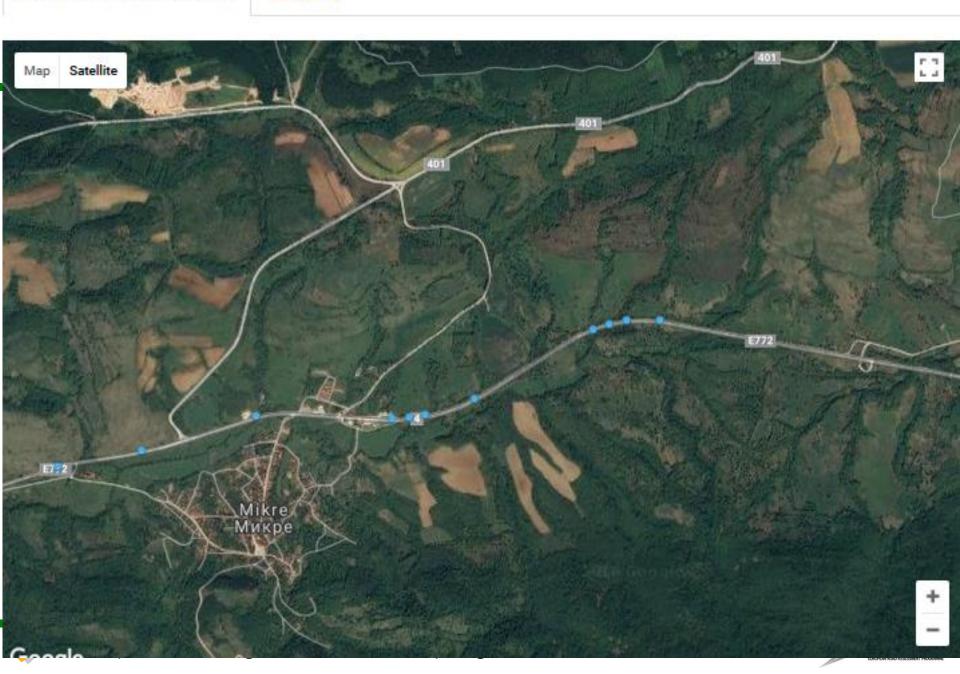
471.50 km













## Barrier installation proposed

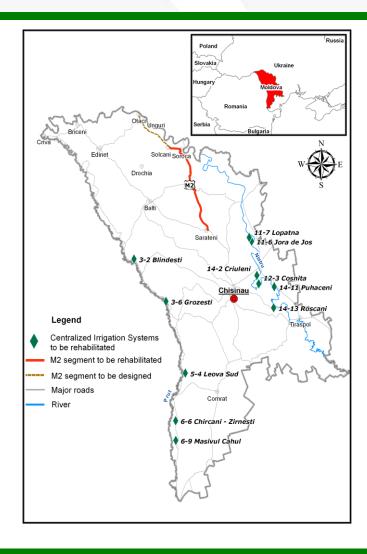








### Moldova – best case study









## M2-R7 iRAP Star Rating "Before"

#### M2 Saratenii-Soroca-Drochia Junction 93km









#### "Before" characteristics of M2



- Poor quality single carriageway, markings and signs, very poor pavement in parts. Mixed traffic.
- Lack of run-off protection generally. Existing safety fencing poor; many roadside hazards. Aggressive bridge parapet-ends. Junctions poor.
- Villages no speed reduction measures. Pedestrian footways poor quality. Few pedestrian crossings.



















































































## Piloting road safety innovation – RADAR project Partners



- The European Institute of Road Assessment EuroRAP
- AMZS, Slovenia Technical Coordinator
- FPZ, University of Zagreb Technical Coordinator
- UAMK, Czech Republic
- BBARS, Bulgaria
- KTI, Hungary
- Rotondo, Serbia Technical Coordinator
- BIHAMK, Bosnia & Herzegovina
- KfV, Road Safety Board, Austria
- ACM, Moldova





### Associated Strategic Partners (ASP)



- Ministry of Infrastructure Slovenia
- Croatian Roads Croatia
- Public company Roads Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Ministry of Transport and Road Infrastructure Moldova
- South East Europe Transport Observatory
- Road and Motorway Directorate of the Czech Republic
- European Union Strategy for the Danube Region PA1b
- Road Infrastructure Agency, Bulgaria
- Romania National Transport Authority
- Ministry of Transport and Maritime Affairs, Montenegro
- National Motorway Company -- Slovakia
- Support from European Bank for Reconstruction and Development





# Piloting road safety innovation – RADAR project



- Small number of road sections will be selected for Safer Roads Investment Plans using iRAP methodology (eg up to 5 road sections of 6-20km per country)
- 8 pilot project on using data for SRIPs, vulnerable road users, speed management and safety near schools
- Danube Infrastructure Road Safety Improvement Strategy and Action Plan
  - Putting policies into action





## An example: iRAP included in Road Safety Portal for cities and municipalities in Serbia





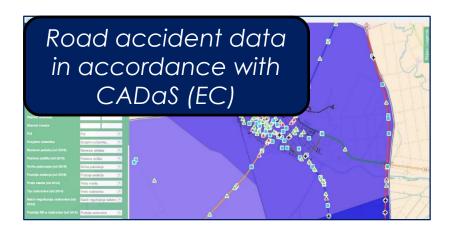




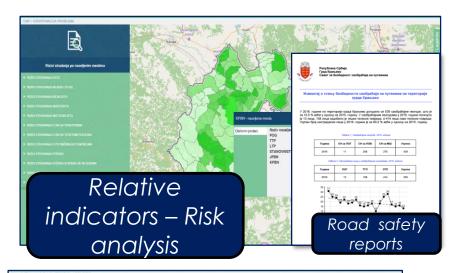


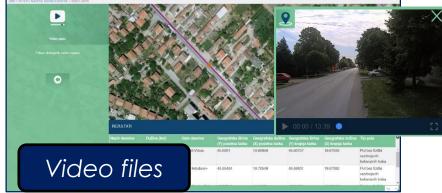






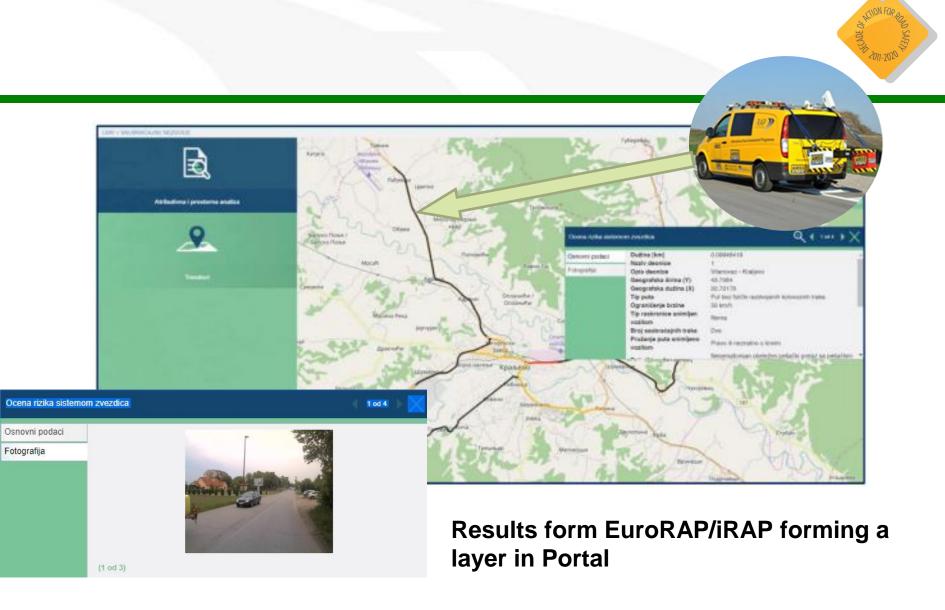
















### Key facts about road safety portal



- Comprehensive application on road safety data in local level
- Analytical support to management level on road safety issues
- Combining data from different sources that are not linked otherwise
- Providing fast road safety reports
- GIS based application with precise location positioning
- Tailor made and upgradeable
- Cloud based and available for large amount of users (e.g. citizens)
- Report contains data on road network length, analysis of road accidents,
  road safety indicators and attitudes of traffic participants
- Providing support to performance of local communities in road safety and making better foundation for benchmarking of local communities.







### THANK YOU FOR THE ATTENTION

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